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PREPARATIONS FOR THE UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENT AND
DEVELOPMENT ON THE BASIS OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 44/228
AND TAKING INTO ACCOUNT OTHER RELEVANT GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTIONS:

SURVEY OF INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS

Addendum

Annotated List of Existing Agreements and Instruments

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A. GENERAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS

(1) Declaration of the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment (Stockholm, 16 June 1972)

- Objectives: To lay down common principles to inspire and guide the people of the world in the preservation and enhancement of the human environment.
- Non-mandatory; global. After adoption by the Conference, recorded in UNGA Resolution 2994 (XXVII) of 15 December 1972.
- Text in ELGP 1, ILM 11:1416, IPE 1:1118.
- Secretariat: United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), Environmental Law & Institutions Programme Activity Centre (PAC), P.O. Box 30552, Nairobi, Kenya (fax 254-2-226895, phone 254-2-230800).

(2) Nordic Convention on the Protection of the Environment (Stockholm, 19 February 1974) and related agreement

- Objectives: To protect and improve the environment through co-operation to ensure that activities under the jurisdiction of one Party do not cause damage to the environment of other Parties.
- In force 5 October 1976; regional. Membership restricted to signatory Nordic countries; 4 Parties, no developing countries.
- Related instrument: (a) Nordic Agreement on Co-operation Over National Territorial Boundaries with the Aim of Preventing or Limiting Damage to Man or Property or the Environment in the Event of Accidents (Stockholm, 20 January 1989).
- Texts in UNTS 1092:279, SMT 1:403, ILM 13:591, IPE 1:70; (a) IPE I/A:20-0189.
- Secretariat: Nordic Council of Ministers, Store Strandstraede 18, DK-1255 Copenhagen K, Denmark (fax 45-33-114711, phone 45-33-1924000).

(3) OECD Principles Concerning Transfrontier Pollution (Paris, 14 November 1974) and related instruments

- Objectives: To lay down principles designed to facilitate the development of harmonized environmental policies in OECD member countries with a view to solving transfrontier pollution problems.
- Non-mandatory; regional. Recommendation adopted by the Council of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), C(74)224.
- Related instruments: Recommendations on (a) Equal Rights of Access in Relation to Transfrontier Pollution (Paris, 11 May 1976); (b) Implementation of a Regime of Equal Right of Access and Non-Discrimination in Relation to Transfrontier Pollution (Paris, 17 May 1977); (c) Strengthening International Co-operation on Environmental Protection in Transfrontier Regions (Paris, 21 September 1978); (d) Decision on the Exchange of Information Concerning Accidents Capable of Causing Transfrontier Damage (Paris, 8 July 1988).
- Texts in ILM 14:242, IPE 1:316; (a) ILM 15:1218, IPE 18:9235; (b) ILM 16:977, IPE 18:9344; (c) IPE 18:9406; (d) ILM 28:247.

- Secretariat: Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Environment Directorate, 2 rue André-Pascal, F-75775 Paris, France (fax 33-1-45246876).

(4) Convention on the Prohibition of Military or Any Other Hostile Use of Environmental Modification Techniques (Geneva, 18 May 1977)

- Objectives: To prohibit military or other hostile use of such techniques in order to consolidate world peace and trust among nations.
- In force 5 October 1978, global. Membership open; 54 Parties, including 28 developing countries.
- Annex on Consultative Committee of Experts.
- Text in UNTS 1108:151, SMT 1:479, ILM 16:88, IPE 15:7905.
- Secretariat: United Nations, Department for Disarmament Affairs, New York, N.Y. 10017, USA (fax 1-212-963 1121, phone 1-212-963 5938).

(5) Protocol I (Relating to the Protection of Victims of International Armed Conflicts) Additional to the 1949 Geneva Conventions (Geneva, 8 June 1977)

- Objectives: To reaffirm and develop the provisions protecting the victims of armed conflicts, including protection of the environment against widespread, long-term and severe damage.
- In force 7 December 1978; global. Membership restricted to member States of the 1949 Red Cross Conventions; 100 Parties, including 77 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Protocol II (Relating to the Protection of Victims of Non-International Armed Conflicts) (Geneva, 8 June 1977, in force 7 December 1978).
- Texts in ILM 16:1391, IPE 15:7909; (a) ILM 16:1442.
- Secretariat: International Committee of the Red Cross (CICR), 19 avenue de la Paix, CH-1202 Geneva, Switzerland (fax 41-22-733 2057, phone 41-22-734 6001).

(6) UNEP Principles of Conduct in the Field of the Environment for the Guidance of States in the Conservation and Harmonious Utilization of Natural Resources Shared by Two or More States (Nairobi, 19 May 1978)

- Objectives: To provide guidance for the conduct of States with respect to the conservation and harmonious utilization of shared natural resources.
- Non-mandatory, global. After adoption by UNEP Governing Council Decision 6/14, recorded in UNGA Resolution 34/168 of 18 December 1979.
- Text in ELGP 2, ILM 17:1097, IPE 18:9351.
- Secretariat: UNEP (see No. 1 above).

(7) European Outline Convention on Transfrontier Co-operation Between Territorial Communities or Authorities (Madrid, 21 May 1980)

- Objectives: To facilitate and foster transfrontier co-operation between territorial communities or authorities of each Contracting Party.
- In force 22 December 1981; regional. Membership restricted to member States of the Council of Europe; 15 Parties, no developing countries.

- Text in SMT 2:93, ILM 20:315, IEL 980:40.
- Secretariat: Council of Europe, Directorate of Environment and Local Authorities, B.P. 431 R6, F-67006 Strasbourg, France (fax 33-88-412781, phone 33-88-412000).

(8) Convention on Prohibition or Restriction on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be excessively injurious or to have indiscriminate effects (Geneva, 10 October 1980)

- Objectives: To codify and develop the rules of international law applicable in armed conflict, including protection against environmental damage by mines and incendiary weapons.
- In force 2 December 1983; global. Membership open; 32 Parties, including 14 developing countries.
- Related instruments: Annexed Protocols I (Non-detectable Fragments), II (Mines, Booby Traps and Other Devices), III (Incendiary Weapons).
- Texts in ILM 19:1529, IPE 28:520.
- Secretariat: UN Department for Disarmament Affairs (see No. 4 above).

(9) Single European Act (Luxembourg, 17 February 1986, and The Hague, 28 February 1986) amending the 1957 Rome Treaties (establishing the European Coal and Steel Community, the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community) and related instruments

- Objectives: To revise and consolidate the legal and institutional basis of the European Communities, including their mandate in the field of environmental protection.
- In force 1 July 1987; regional. Membership restricted to EC member States; 12 Parties, no developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Fourth ACP-EEC Convention (Lomé IV, 15 December 1989); (b) over 200 environment-related EEC decisions, directives and regulations.
- Texts in ILM 25:506; (a) ILM 29:783.
- Secretariat: Commission of the European Communities (EC), 200 rue de la Loi, B-1049 Bruxelles, Belgium (fax 32-2-2350144, phone 32-2-2355990).

(10) UNEP Goals and Principles of Environmental Impact Assessment (Nairobi, 17 June 1987)

- Objectives: To promote procedures for taking into account environmental effects, including transboundary effects, prior to undertaking or authorizing activities.
- Non-mandatory; global. After adoption by UNEP Governing Council Decision 14/25, recorded in UNGA Resolution 42/184 of 11 December 1987.
- Text in ELGP 9, IPE I/D/19-06-87.
- Secretariat: UNEP (see No. 1 above).

(11) Convention on Environmental Impact Assessment in a Transboundary Context
(Espoo, 25 February 1991)

- Objectives: To prevent, reduce and control significant adverse transboundary environmental impact from proposed activities, by the establishment of an environmental impact assessment procedure that permits public participation.
- Not yet in force; regional. Membership restricted to ECE member States, EEC, and States having consultative status with ECE.
- Appendices: I. List of activities; II. Content of the environmental impact assessment documentation; III. General criteria to assist in the determination of the environmental significance of activities not listed in appendix I; IV. Inquiry procedure; V. Post-project analysis; VI. Elements for bilateral and multilateral co-operation; VII. Arbitration.
- Text in ILM 30:802.
- Secretariat: United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UN/ECE), Environment and Human Settlements Division, Palais des Nations, CH-1211 Geneva 10 (fax 41-22-749825, phone 41-22-7310211).

B. NATURE CONSERVATION AND TERRESTRIAL LIVING RESOURCES

(12) Convention on Nature Protection and Wildlife Preservation in the Western Hemisphere (Washington, 12 October 1940)

- Objectives: To preserve all species and genera of native American fauna and flora from extinction, and to preserve areas of extraordinary beauty, striking geological formations or aesthetic, historic or scientific value.
- In force 1 May 1942; regional. Membership restricted to members of the Organization of American States; 19 Parties, including 18 developing countries.
- Annex: List of protected species.
- Text in UNTS 161:193, SMT 1:64, IEL 940:76, IPE 4:1729.
- Secretariat: Organization of American States (OAS), 17th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington DC 20006, USA (fax 1-202-458 3967, phone 1-202-458 3000).

(13) International Convention for the Protection of Birds (Paris, 18 October 1950)

- Objectives: To protect birds in the wild state, considering that in the interests of science, the protection of nature and the economy of each nation, all birds should as a matter of principle be protected.
- In force 17 January 1963; global. Membership open; 10 Parties, including 2 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Convention for the Protection of Birds Useful to Agriculture (19 March 1902).
- Text in UNTS 638:185, SMT 1:84, IPE 4:1791, IEL 950:77; (a) IEL 902:22, IPE 4:1615.
- Depositary: Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 37 Quai d'Orsay, F-76007 Paris (fax 33-1-47539495, phone 33-1-47535353).

(14) Antarctic Treaty (Washington, 1 December 1959) and related instruments

- Objectives: To ensure that Antarctica is used for peaceful purposes, for international co-operation in scientific research, and does not become the scene or object of international discord.
- In force 23 June 1961; regional, but open to States from outside the region. 39 Parties, including 14 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Convention for the Protection of Antarctic Seals (London, 1 June 1972, in force 11 March 1978); (b) Convention on the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (Canberra, 20 May 1980, in force 7 April 1982); (c) Convention on the Regulation of Antarctic Mineral Resource Activities (Wellington, 2 June 1988, not yet in force); (d) Protocol on Environment Protection (Madrid, 4 October 1991, not yet in force).
- Texts in UNTS 402:71, SMT 1:150, IPE 1:18; (a) ILM 11:251, IPE 8:3753; (b) SMT 2:86, ILM 19:841, IPE III/A/20-05-80; (c) ILM 27:868.
- Depositary: United States Department of State, Bureau of Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs, Washington, D.C. 20520, USA, (fax 202-647-1770); (a) Depositary: Foreign and Commonwealth Office, Polar Regions Section, White Hall, London SW1, United Kingdom (fax 44-71-2702086, phone 44-71-2702716); (b) Secretariat: Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR), 25 Old Wharf, Hobart, Tasmania 7000, Australia (fax 2-232714, phone 2-310366).

(15) African Convention on the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (Algiers, 15 September 1968)

- Objectives: To encourage individual and joint action by African States for the conservation, utilization and development of soil, water, flora and fauna for the present and future welfare of mankind.
- In force 16 June 1969; regional. Membership restricted to African States; 30 Parties, all developing countries.
- Annex: List of protected species.
- Text in UNTS 1001:3, SMT 1:207, IEL 968:68, IPE 5:2037.
- Secretariat: Organization of African Unity (OAU), ESCAS Department, P.O. Box 3243, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia (fax 251-1-512622, phone 251-1-157700).

(16) Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (Ramsar, 2 February 1971) as amended

- Objectives: To stem the progressive encroachment on and loss of wetlands now and in the future, recognizing the fundamental ecological functions of wetlands and their economic, cultural, scientific and recreational value.
- In force 21 December 1975; global. Membership open; 62 Parties, including 34 developing countries.
- Related instruments: Amendment Protocol (Paris, 3 December 1982, in force 1 October 1986); List of Wetlands of International Importance.
- Texts in UNTS 996:245, SMT 1:246, ILM 11:969, IEL 971:09, IPE 5:2161, 1983 amendment ILM 22:698.

- Secretariat: International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN), Ramsar Bureau, avenue du Mont-Blanc, CH-1196 Gland, Switzerland (fax 41-22-648375, phone 41-22-649114).

(17) Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage (Paris, 23 November 1972)

- Objectives: To establish an effective system of collective protection of the cultural and natural heritage of outstanding universal value, organized on a permanent basis and in accordance with modern scientific methods.
- In force 17 December 1975; global. Membership open; 116 Parties, including 86 developing countries.
- Related instrument: World Heritage List.
- Text in UNTS 1037:151, SMT 1:276, ILM 11:1358, IEL 972:86, IPE 14:7238.
- Secretariat: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), Division of Ecological Sciences, 7 place de Fontenoy, F-75700 Paris, France (fax 33-1-45671690, phone 33-1-45681000).

(18) Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Washington, 3 March 1973) as amended

- Objectives: To protect certain endangered species from over-exploitation by means of a system of import/export permits.
- In force 1 July 1975; global. Membership open; 112 Parties, including 74 developing countries.
- Related instruments: Amendment Protocols (a) Bonn, 27 June 1979, in force 13 April 1987; (b) Gaborone, 30 April 1983, not yet in force.
- Texts in UNTS 983:243, SMT 1:289, ILM 12:1085, IEL 973:18; (a) IPE 22:389.
- Secretariat: UNEP/CITES, 6 rue de Maupas, CH-1000 Lausanne 9, Switzerland (fax 41-21-200084, phone 41-21-200081).

(19) Agreement on Conservation of Polar Bears (Oslo, 15 November 1973)

- Objectives: To achieve protection of the polar bear as a significant resource of the Arctic region through further conservation and management measures.
- In force 26 May 1976; regional. Membership restricted to the original Contracting Parties (States of the Arctic region); 5 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in SMT 1:401, ILM 13:13, IEL 973:85, IPE 5:2276.
- Secretariat: Ministry for the Environment, P.O. Box 8013 DEP, N-0030 Oslo 1, Norway (fax 47-2-349561, phone 47-2-345968).

(20) Convention on Conservation of Nature in the South Pacific (Apia, 12 June 1976)

- Objectives: To take action for the conservation, utilization and development of the natural resources of the South Pacific region through careful planning and management for the benefit of present and future generations.

- In force 28 June 1990; regional. Membership restricted to member States of the South Pacific Commission; 6 Parties, including 4 developing countries.
- Texts in SMT 1:463, IEL 976:45, IPE 20:10.359.
- Secretariat: South Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP), P.O. Box D5, Noumea Cedex, New Caledonia (fax 687-263818, phone 687-262000).

(21) Treaty for Amazonian Co-operation (Brasilia, 3 July 1978)

- Objectives: To promote the harmonious development of the Amazon region and permit equitable distribution of the benefits of such development among the contracting Parties.
- In force 2 February 1980; regional. Membership restricted to the original Contracting Parties (States of the Amazon region); 8 Parties, all developing countries.
- Text in SMT 1:496, ILM 17:1045, IEL 978:49, IPE 18:9017.
- Depositary: Ministry of External Relations, Department of the Americas, Palacio Itamaraty, 70170 Brasilia, DF (fax 55-61-2237362, phone 55-61-2116864).

(22) Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (Bonn, 23 June 1979)

- Objectives: To protect those species of wild animals that migrate across or outside national boundaries.
- In force 1 November 1983; global. Membership open; 37 Parties, including 18 developing countries.
- Text in SMT 1:500, ILM 19:15, IPE 23:1.
- Secretariat: UNEP/CMS, P.O. Box 201448, D-5300 Bonn 2, Germany, (fax 49-228-373237, phone 49-228-302152).

(23) Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Berne, 19 September 1979)

- Objectives: To conserve wild fauna and flora and their natural habitats, especially those species and habitats whose conservation requires the co-operation of several States, and to promote such co-operation.
- In force 1 June 1982; regional. Membership open to member States of the Council of Europe and the EEC, others upon invitation; 23 Parties, including 4 developing countries.
- Text in SMT 1:509, IEL 979:70, IPE 23:40.
- Secretariat: Council of Europe, Environment Conservation and Management Division, B.P. 431 R6, F-67006 Strasbourg, France (fax 33-88-412784, phone 33-88-412259).

(24) Convention for the Conservation and Management of the Vicuña (Lima, 20 December 1979)

- Objectives: To continue to promote the conservation and management of the Vicuña.

- In force 19 March 1982; regional. Membership restricted to range States of the Vicuña; 4 Parties, all developing countries.
- Text in SMT 2:74, IEL 979:94.
- Depositary: Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Calle Azangaro 350, Lima 1, Peru (fax 51-14-323318, phone 51-14-270995).

(25) International Tropical Timber Agreement (Geneva, 18 November 1983)

- Objectives: To provide an effective framework for co-operation and consultation between countries producing and consuming tropical timber, to promote the expansion and diversification of international trade in tropical timber and the improvement of structural conditions in the tropical timber market, to promote and support research and development with a view to improving forest management and wood utilization, and to encourage the development of national policies aimed at sustainable utilization and conservation of tropical forests and their genetic resources, and at maintaining the ecological balance in the regions concerned.
- In force 1 April 1985; global. Membership open to any State which produces or consumes tropical timber; 48 Parties, including 25 developing countries.
- Text in SMT 2:271, IEL 983:85.
- Secretariat: International Tropical Timber Organization (ITTO), Sangyo Boeki Centre, Bldg. 2, Yamashita-cho Naka-ku, Yokohama 231, Japan (fax 81-45-223 1111, phone 81-45-223 1110).

(26) FAO International Undertaking on Plant Genetic Resources (Rome, 23 November 1983) as supplemented

- Objectives: To ensure that plant genetic resources are preserved and are made as widely available as possible for the purposes of plant breeding, for the benefit of present and future generations.
- Non-mandatory; global. Adopted by Resolution 8/83 of the 22nd FAO Conference.
- Secretariat: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), Via delle Terme di Caracalla, 00100 Rome, Italy (fax 39-6-5797 4408, phone 39-6-57971).

(27) ASEAN Agreement on the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (Kuala Lumpur, 9 July 1985)

- Objectives: To promote joint and individual State action for the conservation and management of the natural resources of the ASEAN Region.
- Not yet in force; regional. Membership restricted to the 6 member States of the Association of South-East Asian States (ASEAN).
- Text in SMT 2:343, IEL 985:51, IPE I/A/09-07-85.
- Depositary: Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Jallan Wesma Putra 50602, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia (fax 603-242551, phone 603-2488088).

C. ATMOSPHERE AND OUTER SPACE

(28) Regulations concerning gaseous pollutants emissions from motor vehicles, pursuant to the Agreement Concerning the Adoption of Uniform Conditions of Approval and Reciprocal Recognition of Approval for Motor Vehicle Equipment and Parts (Geneva, 20 March 1958) as amended and supplemented

- Objectives: To define uniform conditions for licensing of motor vehicles and parts in the European region, including the standardization of environmental specifications for vehicle construction.
- In force 20 June 1959; regional. Membership restricted to ECE member States or States having consultative status with ECE; 21 member States, including 2 developing countries.
- Related instruments: Regulations concerning emissions (a) from gasoline engines (Nos. 15/1970 and 833/1989); (b) from motorcycles and mopeds (Nos. 40/1979 and 47/1981); (c) from diesel engines (No. 49/1982 - 1990).
- Texts in UNTS 335:211, 609:290, IEL 958:22, IPE 15:7401;
(a) UNTS 740:364, 1078:351; (b) UNTS 1144:308, 1255:158;
(c) E/ECE/324/Rev.1/Add.48/Rev.1.
- Secretariat: UN Economic Commission for Europe (UN/ECE), Transport Division, Palais des Nations, CH-1211 Geneva 10 (fax 41-22-733 5435, phone 41-22-731 0211).

(29) Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space Including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies (27 January 1967) and related instruments

- Objectives: To establish an international legal regime for the exploration and use of outer space.
- In force 10 October 1967; global. Membership open; 96 Parties, including 65 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Agreement on the Rescue of Astronauts, the Return of Astronauts and the Return of Objects Launched into Outer Space (22 April 1968, in force 3 December 1968); (b) Convention on International Liability for Damage Caused by Space Objects (29 March 1972, in force 1 September 1972); (c) Agreement Governing the Activities of States on the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies (18 December 1979, in force 11 July 1984); (d) Principles Relating to Remote Sensing of the Earth from Space (after adoption by the Committee, endorsed by U.N. General Assembly Resolution 41/65 of 3 December 1986).
- Texts in UNTS 610:205, ILM 6:386, IEL 967:07, IPE 1:30; (a) UNTS 672:119, ILM 7:151, IEL 968:31, IPE 17:8577; (b) IEL 972:24, IPE 17:8629; (c) ILM 18:1434, IEL 979:92, IPE 29:267.
- Secretariat: United Nations, Outer Space Affairs Division, New York, N.Y. 10017, USA (fax 1-212-963-7998, phone 1-212-963-6051).

(30) Annex 16, vol. II (Environmental Protection: Aircraft Engine Emissions) to the 1944 Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation (Montreal, 30 June 1981) as amended

- Objectives: To standardize the required emissions limits for aircraft noise and gaseous pollutants, by way of uniform certification procedures.

- In force 18 February 1982 (amendment applicable 17 November 1988); global. Membership restricted to ICAO member States; 164 Parties, including 132 developing countries.
- Related instruments: Annex 16, vol. I (Environmental Protection: Aircraft Noise), 2nd ed. 1988.
- Texts in ICAO International Standards and Recommended Practices; 1944 Convention in UNTS 15:295.
- Secretariat: International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), 1000 Sherbrooke Street West, Montreal, Quebec H3A 2R2, Canada (fax 1-514- 288-4772, phone 1-514-286-6270).

(31) Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution (Geneva, 13 November 1979) and related protocols

- Objectives: To protect man and his environment against air pollution and to endeavour to limit and, as far as possible, gradually reduce and prevent air pollution, including long-range transboundary air pollution.
- In force 16 March 1983; regional. Membership restricted to ECE member States, the EEC and States having consultative status with ECE; 32 Parties, including 3 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Protocol on Long-term Financing of the Co-operative Programme for Monitoring and Evaluation of the Long-range Transmission of Air Pollutants in Europe, (Geneva, 28 September 1984, in force 28 January 1988); (b) Protocol on the Reduction of Sulphur Emissions or Their Transboundary Fluxes by at least 30 Per Cent (Helsinki, 8 July 1985, in force 2 September 1987); (c) Protocol Concerning the Control of Emissions of Nitrogen Oxides or Their Transboundary Fluxes (Sofia, 1 November 1988, in force 14 February 1991); (d) Protocol Concerning the Control of Emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds or Their Transboundary Fluxes (Geneva, 18 November 1991, not yet in force).
- Texts in SMT 1:519, ILM 18:1442, IEL 979:84, IPE 28:341; (a) SMT 2:285, IEL 979:84; (b) SMT 2:288, ILM 27:707, IEL 979:84; (c) SMT 2:290, ILM 28:214, IEL 979:84.
- Secretariat: UN/ECE (see No. 11 above).

(32) UNEP Provisions for Co-operation Between States on Weather Modification (Nairobi, 29 April 1980)

- Objectives: To ensure mutual notification and consultation in the conduct of weather modification activities likely to have transboundary effects.
- Non-mandatory; global. Recommended by UNEP Governing Council Decision 8/7/A, and circulated to governments in June 1980.
- Related instruments: (a) Draft WMO/UNEP Guidelines for National Legislation concerning Weather Modification (1979).
- Text in ELGP 3; (a) WMO/UNEP/WG.26/6.
- Secretariat: UNEP (see No. 1 above).

(33) Vienna Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer (Vienna, 22 March 1985) and Montreal Protocol, 1987 as amended

- Objectives: To protect human health and the environment against adverse effects resulting from modifications of the ozone layer.
- In force 22 September 1988; global. Membership open; 79 Parties, including 47 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Montreal Protocol on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer and amendments (Montreal, 16 September 1987, in force 1 January 1989); (b) Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer (London, 29 June 1990, not yet in force).
- Texts in SMT 2:301, ILM 26:1529, IEL 985:22; (a) SMT 2:309, ILM 26:1541; (b) SMT 2:316.
- Secretariat: UNEP Ozone Secretariat, P.O. Box 330552, Nairobi, Kenya (fax 254-2-521930, phone 254-2-521928); Secretariat of Interim Multilateral Ozone Fund, Montreal Trust Bldg., 1800 McGill College Ave., Montreal H3A 3J6, Canada (fax 1-514-2820068, phone 1-514-2821122).

D. GLOBAL MARINE ENVIRONMENT

(34) International Convention Relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Case of Oil Pollution Casualties (Brussels, 29 November 1969) and related protocol

- Objectives: To enable countries to take action on the high seas in case of a maritime casualty resulting in danger of oil pollution of sea and coastlines.
- In force 6 May 1975; global. Membership open; 57 Parties, including 33 developing countries.
- Related instrument: (a) Protocol Relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Cases of Marine Pollution by Substances Other Than Oil (London, 2 November 1973, in force 30 March 1983) as amended.
- Texts in UNTS 970:211, SMT 1:230, ILM 9:25, IEL 969:89, IPE 1:460; (a) ILM 13:605, IEL 973:83, IPE 1:470.
- Secretariat: International Maritime Organization (IMO), 4, Albert-Embankment, London SE1 7SR (fax 44-71-587 3210, phone 44-71-7357611).

(35) Convention on the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping of Wastes and Other Matter (London, 29 December 1972) as amended

- Objectives: To control pollution of the sea by dumping, and to encourage regional agreements supplementary to the Convention.
- In force 30 September 1975; global. Membership open; 66 Parties, including 38 developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 1046:120, SMT 1:283, ILM 11:1294, IEL 972:96, IPE 2:537, 1978 amendment IPE II/A/12-10-78, 1980 amendment IPE II/A/24-09-80.
- Secretariat: IMO (see No. 34 above).

(36) International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
(London, 2 November 1973) as amended

- Objectives: To preserve the marine environment by achieving the complete elimination of international pollution by oil and other harmful substances and the minimization of accidental discharge of such substance.
- In force 2 October 1983; global. Membership open; 68 Parties, including 41 developing countries.
- Related instruments (a) Protocol of 1978 Relating to the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships (London, 17 February 1978, in force 2 October 1983).
- Texts in SMT 1:320, ILM 12:1319, IEL 973:84, IPE 2:552; (a) ILM 17:546, IEL 973:84/A, IPE 19:9451.
- Secretariat: IMO (see No. 34 above).

(37) UNEP Guidelines Concerning the Environment Related to Offshore Mining and Drilling within the Limits of National Jurisdiction (Nairobi, 31 May 1982)

- Objectives: To lay down basic standards for incorporation in national and regional rules, regulations, practices and procedures which will ensure that environmental considerations are effectively protected in national and international systems of authorization, environmental assessment, environmental monitoring, consideration of transfrontier impacts, safety measures, contingency planning, liability and compensation.
- Non-mandatory; global. After endorsement by UNEP Governing Council Decision 10/14 (VI), recorded by UN General Assembly Resolution 37/217 of 20 December 1982.
- Text in IPE II/D/31-05-82.
- Secretariat: UNEP (see No. 1 above).

(38) United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (Montego Bay, 10 December 1982)

- Objectives: To set up a comprehensive new legal regime for the sea and oceans, including protection and preservation of the marine environment.
- Not yet in force; global. Membership open.
- Text in SMT 2:165, ILM 21:1261, IEL 982:92, IPE II/A/10-12-82.
- Secretariat: United Nations, Office for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, New York, NY 10017, USA (fax 1-212-963 5847, phone 1-212-963 3990).

(39) UNEP Montreal Guidelines for the Protection of the Marine Environment against Pollution from Land-based Sources (Montreal, 19 April 1985)

- Objectives: To assist governments in the process of developing appropriate bilateral, regional and multilateral agreements and national legislation for the protection of the marine environment against pollution from land-based sources.
- Non-mandatory; global. After adoption by a UNEP Working Group of Experts, endorsed by UNEP Governing Council Decision 13/18 (II) of 24 May 1985.
- Text in ELGP 7, IPE II/D/ 24-05-85.

- Secretariat: UNEP Oceans and Coastal Areas/Programme Activity Centre (OCA-PAC), P.O.Box 30552, Nairobi, Kenya (fax 254-2-230127, phone 254-2-230800).

(40) International Convention on Salvage (London, 28 April 1989)

- Objectives: To provide for uniform international rules regarding salvage operation in the light of the need for timely operations and to protect the environment.
- Not yet in force; global. Membership open.
- Text in IEL 989:32.
- Secretariat: IMO (see No. 34 above).

(41) International Convention on Oil Pollution Preparedness, Response and Co-operation (London, 29 November 1990)

- Objectives: To prevent marine pollution by oil, to advance the adoption of adequate response measures in the event that oil pollution does occur, and to provide for mutual assistance and co-operation between States for these aims.
- Not yet in force; global. Membership open.
- Text in ILM 30:735.
- Secretariat: IMO (see No. 34 above).

E. REGIONAL MARINE ENVIRONMENT

(42) Nordic Agreement concerning Co-operation in Measures to Deal with Pollution of the Sea by Oil (Copenhagen, 16 September 1971)

- Objectives: To ensure co-operation in dealing with any significant pollution of the sea by oil which threatens the coasts and related interests of one of the Contracting States.
- In force 16 October 1971; regional. Membership restricted to original Contracting States; 4 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in IEL 971:69, IPE 2:502.
- Secretariat: Ministry of the Environment, Agency for Environmental Protection, 29 Strandgade, DK-1401 Copenhagen, Denmark (fax 45-31-572449, phone 45-31-578310).

(43) Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping from Ships and Aircraft (Oslo, 15 February 1972) as amended

- Objectives: To control the dumping of harmful substances from ships and aircraft in the sea.
- In force 7 April 1974; regional. Membership restricted (European States as specified and EC), others upon invitation; 13 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 932:3, SMT 1:266, ILM 11:262, IEL 972:12, IPE 2:530, 1983 amendment IPE II/A/02-0-83.
- Secretariat: Oslo/Paris Commission, New Court, 48 Carey Street, London WC2R 2JE (fax 44-71-817427, phone 44-71-2429927).

(44) Convention on the Protection of the Marine Environment of the Baltic Sea Area (Helsinki, 22 March 1974) as amended

- Objectives: To protect and enhance the marine environment of the Baltic Sea area by means of regional co-operation.
- In force 3 May 1980; regional. Membership restricted to the Baltic Sea states, others upon invitation; 6 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in SMT 1:405, ILM 13:546, IEL 974:23, IPE 2:733, 1987 amendment IPE II/A/27-02-87, 1989 amendment IPE II/A/17-02-89.
- Secretariat: Helsinki Commission (HELCOM), Mannerheimintie 12A, SF-00100 Helsinki, Finland (fax 35-80-644577, phone 35-80-602366).

(45) Convention on the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Land-based Sources (Paris, 4 June 1974) as amended

- Objectives: The Convention forms part of a comprehensive set of progressive and coherent measures to protect the marine environment from pollution.
- In force 6 May 1978; regional. Membership restricted (European States as specified and EC), others upon invitation; 13 Parties, no developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Amending Protocol 1986.
- Texts in SMT 1:430, ILM 13:352, IEL 974:43, IPE 2:748; (a) IEL 974:43/A, IPE II/A/26-03-86.
- Secretariat: Oslo/Paris Commission (see No. 43 above).

(46) Convention for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea against Pollution (Barcelona, 16 February 1976) and related protocols

- Objectives: In the light of the special characteristics and vulnerability of the Mediterranean, to achieve international co-operation for a co-ordinated and comprehensive approach to the protection and enhancement of the marine environment in the Mediterranean area.
- In force 12 February 1978; regional. Membership restricted to States invited to the 1976 Barcelona Conference, any State entitled to sign any of the protocols, the EC and other regional economic organization at least one member of which is a coastal State of the Mediterranean Sea Area. 19 Parties, including 12 developing countries.
- Related instruments (a) Protocol for the Prevention of Pollution of the Mediterranean Sea by Dumping from Ships and Aircraft (Barcelona, 16 February 1976, in force 12 February 1978); (b) Protocol Concerning Co-operation in Combating Pollution of the Mediterranean Sea by Oil and Other Harmful Substances in Cases of Emergency (Barcelona, 16 February 1976, in force 12 February 1978); (c) Protocol for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea Against Pollution from Land-based Sources (Athens, 17 May 1980, in force 17 June 1983); (d) Protocol Concerning Mediterranean Specially Protected Areas (Geneva, 3 April 1982, in force 23 March 1986).
- Texts in SMT 1:448, ILM 15:290, IEL 976:13, IPE 19:9497; (a) ILM 15:300, IEL 976:14, IPE 19:9515; (b) ILM 16:306, IEL 976:15, IPE 19:9506; (c) SMT 2:81, ILM 19:869, IEL 980:37, IPE II/A/17-05-80; (d) SMT 2:154, IEL 982:26.

- Secretariat: United Nations Environment Programme, Co-ordinating Unit for the Mediterranean Action Plan, P.O. Box 18019, GR-116 10 Athens, Greece, (fax 30-1-7291160, phone 30-1-72445369).

(47) Kuwait Regional Convention for Co-operation on the Protection of the Marine Environment from Pollution (Kuwait, 24 April 1978) and related protocols

- Objectives: To prevent, abate and combat pollution of the marine environment in the region.
- In force 30 June 1979; regional. Membership restricted to States invited to the 1978 Kuwait Conference (Gulf coastal States); 8 Parties, all developing countries.
- Related instruments (a) Protocol Concerning Regional Co-operation in Combating Pollution by Oil and Other Harmful Substances in Cases of Emergency (Kuwait, 24 April 1978, in force 17 June 1979); (b) Protocol Concerning Marine Pollution Resulting from Exploration and Exploitation of the Continental Shelf (29 March 1989, in force 17 February 1990); (c) Protocol for the Protection of the Marine Environment against Pollution from Land-Based Sources (21 February 1990).
- Texts in UNTS 1140:133, SMT 1:486, ILM 17:511, IEL 978:31, IPE 19:9551; (a) ILM 17:526, IEL 978:32, IPE 19:9551.
- Secretariat: Regional Organization for the Protection of the Marine Environment (ROPME), P.O. Box 26388, 13124 Safat, Kuwait (fax 965-5324172, phone 965-5312140/3).

(48) Convention for Co-operation in the Protection and Development of the Marine and Coastal Environment of the West and Central African Region (Abidjan, 23 March 1981) and related protocol

- Objectives: To protect the marine environment, coastal zones and related internal waters falling within the jurisdiction of the States of the West and Central African region.
- In force 5 August 1984; regional. Membership restricted to African States, others after approval of three quarters of the initial Parties (coastal and island States from Mauritania to Namibia inclusive); 10 Parties, all developing countries.
- Related instrument: (a) Protocol Concerning Co-operation in Combating Pollution in Cases of Emergency (Abidjan, 23 March 1981, in force 5 August 1984).
- Texts in SMT 2:118, ILM 20:756, IEL 981:23, IPE II/A/23-03-81; (a) SMT 2:123, IEL 981:24, IPE II/A/23-03-81.a.
- Secretariat: UNEP (see No. 39 above).

(49) Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment and Coastal Area of the South-East Pacific (Lima, 12 November 1981) and related protocols

- Objectives: To protect the marine environment and coastal zones of the south-east Pacific within the 200-mile area of maritime sovereignty and jurisdiction of the parties, and beyond that area, the high seas up to a distance within which pollution of the high seas may affect that area.
- In force 19 May 1986; regional. Membership restricted to States bordering the South-East Pacific; 5 Parties, all developing countries.

- Related instruments (a) Agreement on Regional Co-operation in Combating Pollution of the South-East Pacific by Hydrocarbons and Other Harmful Substances in Cases of Emergency (Lima, 12 November 1981, in force 14 July 1986); (b) Supplementary Protocol to the Agreement on Regional Co-operation in Combating Pollution of the South-East Pacific by Oil and Other Harmful Substances in Cases of Emergency (Quito, 22 July 1983, in force 20 May 1987); (c) Protocol for the Protection of the South-East Pacific Against Pollution from Land-Based Sources (Quito, 23 July 1983, in force 23 September 1986); (d) Protocol for the Conservation and Management of Protected Marine and Coastal Areas of the South-East Pacific (Paipa, 21 September 1989, not yet in force); (e) Protocol for the Protection of the South-East Pacific Against Radioactive Contamination (Paipa, 21 September 1989, not yet in force)
- Texts in SMT 2:130, IEL 981:84, IPE II/A/12-11-81; (a) SMT 2:134, IEL 981:85, IPE II/A/12-11-81.a; (b) SMT 2:137, IEL 983:55; (c) SMT 2:139, IEL 983:54, IPE II/A/22-07-83.a,b; (d) IEL 989:71; (e) IEL 989:70.
- Secretariat: Permanent Commission of the South Pacific (CPPS), Casilla 16638, Agencia 6400-9, Santiago 9, Chile (fax 562-6951100, phone 562-726652).

(50) Memorandum of Understanding on Port State Control in Implementing Agreements on Maritime Safety and Protection of the Marine Environment (Paris, 26 January 1982) as amended

- Objectives: To improve and harmonize the system of port State control and strengthen co-operation and the exchange of information for the purpose of ensuring that effective action is taken by port States to prevent the operation of substandard ships and to avoid distorting competition between ports.
- In force 1 July 1982; regional. Membership restricted to the original (European) participating authorities, others upon their consent; 14 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in ILM 21:1, IPE II/A/26-01-82, 1988 amendment IPE II/A/10-02-88.
- Secretariat: Ministry of Transport, Public Works and Water Management, Plesmanweg 1-6, P.O. Box 20901, 2597JG The Hague, Netherlands (fax 31-70-3516171, phone 31-70-3517895).

(51) Regional Convention for the Conservation of the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Environment (Jeddah, 14 February 1982) and related protocol

- Objectives: To ensure rational human use of living and non-living marine and coastal resources in a manner ensuring optimum benefit for the present generation, at the same time maintaining the potential of that environment to satisfy the needs and aspiration of future generations.
- In force 20 August 1985; regional. Membership restricted to members of the Arab League; 4 Parties, all developing countries.
- Related instruments (a) Protocol Concerning Regional Co-operation in Combating Pollution by Oil and Other Harmful Substances in Cases of Emergency (Jeddah, 14 February 1982, in force 20 August 1985)
- Texts in SMT 2:144, IEL 982:13, IPE II/A/14-02-82; (a) SMT 2:150, IEL 982:14, IPE II/A/14-02-82.a.

- Secretariat: Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Environment Programme (PERSGA),
P.O.Box 1358, Jeddah 21431, Saudi Arabia (fax 966-2-6511424,
phone 966-2-6514472).

(52) Convention for the Protection and Development of the Marine Environment of the Wider Caribbean Region (Cartagena, 24 March 1983) and related protocols

- Objectives: To protect and manage the marine environment and coastal areas of the Wider Caribbean region.
- In force 11 October 1986; regional. Membership restricted to States and regional economic integration organizations invited to the 1983 Cartagena Conference, others upon approval of three-fourths of the Parties; 18 Parties, including 14 developing countries.
- Related instruments (a) Protocol Concerning Co-operation in Combating Oil Spills in the Wider Caribbean Region (Cartagena, 24 March 1983, in force 11 October 1986); (b) Protocol Concerning Specially Protected Areas and Wildlife to the Convention for the Protection and Development of the Marine Environment of the Wider Caribbean Region (Kingston, 18 January 1990, not yet in force).
- Texts in SMT 2:258, IEL 983:23, ILM 22:221, IPE II/A/24-03-83.a; (a) SMT 2:265, IEL 983:24, IPE II/A/24-03-83.b; (b) IEL 990:85.
- Secretariat: United Nations Environment Programme, Regional Coordinating Unit for the Caribbean Environment Programme (CAR/RCU), 14-20 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Jamaica (fax 1-809-9229292, phone 1-809-9229267).

(53) Agreement for Co-operation in Dealing with Pollution of the North Sea by Oil and Other Harmful Substances (Bonn, 13 September 1983)

- Objectives: To ensure co-operation between the coastal States in providing manpower supplies, equipment and scientific advice at short notice to deal with discharges of oil or other harmful substances in the North Sea.
- In force 1 September 1989; regional. Membership restricted to states invited to the 1983 Bonn Conference of Plenipotentiaries and the EC, others upon unanimous invitation; 10 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in SMT 2:268, IEL 983:68, IPE II/A/13-09-83.
- Secretariat: Oslo/Paris Commission (see No. 43 above).

(54) Convention for the Protection, Management and Development of the Marine and Coastal Environment of the Eastern African Region (Nairobi, 21 June 1985) and related protocols

- Objectives: To protect and manage the marine environment and coastal areas of the Eastern Africa region.
- Not yet in force; regional. Membership restricted to States and regional economic integration organisations invited to the 1982 Nairobi Conference, others upon prior approval of three-fourths of the Parties.
- Related instruments (a) Protocol Concerning Protected Areas and Wild Fauna and Flora in the Eastern African Region (Nairobi, 21 June 1985, not yet in force); (b) Protocol Concerning Co-operation in Combating Marine Pollution in Cases of Emergency in the Eastern African Region (Nairobi, 21 June 1985, not yet in force).

- Texts in SMT 2:324, IEL 985:46, IPE II/A/21-06-85.a; (a) SMT 2:331, IEL 985:47, IPE II/A/21-06-85.b; (b) SMT 2:337, IEL 985:48, IPE II/A/21-06-85.c.
- Secretariat: UNEP (see No. 39 above).

(55) Convention for the Protection of the Natural Resources and Environment of the South Pacific Region (Noumea, 24 November 1986) and related protocols

- Objectives: To protect and manage the natural resources and environment of the South Pacific region.
- In force 18 August 1990; regional. Membership restricted to States invited to participate in the 1986 Noumea Conference, other States after prior approval of three-quarters of the Parties; 10 Parties, including 7 developing countries.
- Related instruments (a) Protocol for the Prevention of Pollution of the South Pacific Region by Dumping (Noumea, 25 November 1986, in force 18 August 1990); (b) Protocol Concerning Co-operation in Combating Pollution Emergencies in the South Pacific Region (Noumea, 25 November 1986, in force 18 August 1990).
- Texts in SMT 2:372, ILM 26:38, IEL 986:87, IPE II/A/24-11-86; (a) SMT 2:381, IEL 986:87/A, IPE II/A/24-11-86.b; (b) SMT 2:386, IEL 986:87/B, IPE II/A/24-11-86.a.
- Secretariat: SPREP (see No. 20 above).

(56) Agreement on Co-operation for Combating Pollution in the Northeast Atlantic (Lisbon, 17 October 1990)

- Objectives: To protect the coastal regions of the Northeast Atlantic against pollution by hydrocarbons and other noxious substances; in particular, the agreement aims at the provision of rapid response measures in case of accidents to ships and platforms resulting in such pollution.
- Not yet in force; regional. Membership restricted to the 5 signatories and other States unanimously invited by the Parties.
- Depositary: Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Largo do Rilvas, Lisbon, Portugal (fax 35-11-671518, phone 35-11-3965041).

F. MARINE LIVING RESOURCES

(57) International Convention for the Regulation of Whaling (Washington, 2 December 1946) as amended

- Objectives: To protect all species of whales from overfishing and safeguard for future generations the great natural resources represented by whale stocks; to establish a system of international regulation for the whale fisheries to ensure proper conservation and development of whale stocks.
- In force 10 November 1948; global. Membership open; 35 Parties, including 17 developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 161:72, SMT 1:67, IEL 946:89, IPE 7:3539, 1956 amendment UNTS 338:366, IPE 7:3539.

- Secretariat: International Whaling Commission, Station Road, Histon, Cambridge CB4 4NP, United Kingdom (fax 44-223-232876, phone 44-223-233971).

(58) Agreement for the Establishment of the Indo-Pacific Fisheries Commission (Baguio, 26 February 1948) as amended

- Objectives: To promote the full and proper utilization of living aquatic resources by the development and management of fishing and culture operations and by the development of related processing and marketing activities.
- In force 9 November 1948; regional. Membership restricted to FAO member States, other States upon admission by a two-thirds majority of the member States; 19 Parties, including 13 developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 120:59, IEL 948:15.
- Secretariat: Indo-Pacific Fisheries Commission (IPFC), c/o FAO (see No. 26 above), Room F-217 (fax 39-6-57976500, phone 39-6-57976422).

(59) Convention for the Establishment of an Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (Washington, 31 May 1949) and related agreements

- Objectives: To maintain populations of yellow fin and skipjack tuna in the eastern Pacific Ocean to permit maximum sustained catches year after year.
- In force 3 March 1950; regional. Membership restricted to States whose nationals participate in the fisheries covered by the Convention; 6 Parties, including 3 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Convention Establishing the Eastern Pacific Tuna Organization (Lima, 21 July 1989, not yet in force).
- Text in UNTS 80:3, SMT 1:76, IEL 949:41, IPE 6:2848.
- Secretariat: Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC), 5604 La Jolla Shores Drive, La Jolla, CA 92037, USA (fax 1-619-546 7133, phone 1-619-546 7100).

(60) Agreement for the Establishment of the General Fisheries Council for the Mediterranean (Rome, 24 September 1949) as amended

- Objectives: To promote the development and proper utilization of the resources of the Mediterranean and contiguous waters through international co-operation.
- In force 20 February 1952; regional, but membership open to States from outside the region. 19 Parties, including 12 developing countries.
- Related instruments: Amendments (a) 1963 (in force 3 December 1963); (b) 1976 (in force 9 December 1976).
- Texts in UNTS 126:237, SMT 1:80, IEL 949:72, IPE 6:2857; (a) UNTS 490:444, IPE 6:2862.
- Secretariat: General Fisheries Council for the Mediterranean (GFCM), c/o FAO (see No. 58 above).

(61) International Convention for the High Seas Fisheries of the North Pacific Ocean (Tokyo, 9 May 1952) as amended

- Objectives: To ensure maximum sustained productivity of the fishery resources of the north Pacific Ocean. To co-ordinate research and conservation measures to this end.
- In force 12 June 1953; regional. Membership restricted to signatory States; 3 Parties, no developing countries.
- Related instruments: Two amending Protocols: (a) Protocol 1978, (b) Protocol 1986
- Texts in UNTS 205:65, SMT 1:96, IEL 952:35, IPE 6:2876, 1962 amendment IPE 6:2894; (a) IPE III/A/25-04-78; (b) IPE III/A/09-04-86.
- Secretariat: International North Pacific Fisheries Commission (INPFC), 6640 Northwest Marine Drive, Vancouver, B.C. V6T 1X2, Canada (fax 1-604-228 1135, phone 1-604-228 1128).

(62) Convention on the Organization of the Permanent Commission on the Exploitation and Conservation of the Marine Resources of the South Pacific (Santiago, 18 August 1952) and related agreements

- Objectives: To obtain the greatest benefits from the conservation, protection and regulation of the utilization of the natural resources off the coasts of the party states up to the 200-mile-limit.
- In force 18 August 1952; regional. Membership restricted to member States of the Permanent Commission of the South Pacific; 4 Parties, all developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Convention on Licensing for Exploitation of the Natural Resources of the South Pacific (4 December 1954); (b) 1981 Lima Convention (see No. 49 above).
- Text in UNTS 1006:324, IEL 952:62, IPE 6:2897.
- Secretariat: Permanent Commission of the South Pacific (see No. 49 above).

(63) Convention for the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (Copenhagen, 12 September 1964) as amended

- Objectives: To provide a new constitution for the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea established in Copenhagen in 1902.
- In force 22 July 1968; regional (Atlantic Ocean). Membership restricted to the original participating States, others upon prior approval of three quarters of the Parties; 17 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 652:237, SMT 1:195, ILM 7:302, IEL 964:68, IPE 1:425.
- Secretariat: International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES), Palaegade 2-4, DK-1261 Copenhagen, Denmark (fax 45-33-934215, phone 45-33-154225).

(64) International Convention for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (Rio de Janeiro, 14 May 1966) as amended

- Objectives: To maintain populations of tuna and tunal-like fish in the Atlantic Ocean at levels permitting the maximum sustainable catch for food and other purposes.

- In force 21 March 1969; regional, but open to States from outside the region. 22 Parties, including 15 developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 673:63, SMT 1:202, ILM 6:293, IEL 966:38, IPE 6:3018, 1984 amendment IPE III/A/10-07-84.
- Secretariat: International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), Principe de Vergara, 17-7, 28001 Madrid, Spain (fax 34-1-5761968, phone 34-1-4310329).

(65) Convention on Fishing and Conservation of the Living Resources in the Baltic Sea and Belts (Gdansk, 13 September 1973) as amended

- Objectives: To achieve greater and closer co-operation between the parties in order to maintain the maximum stable productivity of the living resources of the region.
- In force 28 July 1974; regional. Membership restricted to the original signatories and others interested in the preservation and rational exploitation of living resources in the Baltic Sea and Belts upon invitation from the Parties; 6 Parties, no developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Amendment Protocol (Warsaw, 11 November 1982, in force 10 February 1984).
- Texts in SMT 1:317, ILM 12:1291, IEL 973:68, IPE 7:3367;
(a) ILM 22:704, IPE III/A/11-11-82.
- Secretariat: International Baltic Sea Fisheries Commission (IBSFC), 20 Hoza Ul., PL-00528 Warsaw, Poland (phone 48-22-288647).

(66) Convention on Future Multilateral Co-operation in the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries (Ottawa, 24 October 1978)

- Objectives: To promote the conservation and optimum utilization of the fishery resources of the North West Atlantic area within a framework appropriate to the regime of extended coastal State jurisdiction over fisheries, and accordingly to encourage international co-operation and consultation with respect to these resources.
- In force 1 January 1979; regional. Membership restricted to States represented at the 1978 Ottawa Conference, to others upon prior approval of the Parties; 13 Parties, including 2 developing countries.
- Text in SMT 2:60, IEL 978:79, IPE 22:107.
- Secretariat: Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization (NAFO), P.O. Box 638, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia B2Y 3Y9, Canada (fax 1-902-4695729, phone 1-902-4699105).

(67) South Pacific Forum Fisheries Convention (Honiara, 10 July 1978) and related agreements

- Objectives: To increase the benefits from management and conservation of marine living resources in the South Pacific region.
- In force 9 August 1979; regional. Membership restricted to the independent and self-governing territories of the South Pacific; 16 Parties, including 14 developing countries.

- Related instruments: (a) Agreement Concerning Co-operation in the Management of Fisheries of Common Interest (Nauru, 11 February 1982, in force 23 April 1983); (b) Treaty on Fisheries Between the Governments of Certain Pacific Island States and the Government of the United States of America (Port Moresby, 2 April 1987, in force 15 June 1988); (c) Convention for the Prohibition of Fishing with Long Driftnets in the South Pacific (Wellington 23 November 1989, in force 17 May 1991) and two protocols (Noumea, 20 October 1990).
- Texts in IEL 979:57; (b) IEL 987:26; (c) ILM 29:1454, IEL 989:87.
- Secretariat: South Pacific Forum Fisheries Agency (FFA), P.O. Box 629, Honiara, Solomon Islands (fax 677-23995, phone 677-21124).

(68) Convention on Future Multilateral Co-operation in the North-East Atlantic Fisheries (London, 18 November 1980)

- Objectives: To promote the conservation and optimum utilization of the fishery resources of the north-east Atlantic area within a framework appropriate to the regime of extended coastal State jurisdiction over fisheries, and accordingly to encourage international co-operation and consultation with respect to these resources.
- In force 17 March 1982; regional. Membership restricted to the original Contracting Parties and the EC, other States upon approval of three-quarters of the contracting parties; 11 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in SMT 2:107, IPE III/A/18-11-80.
- Secretariat: Northeast Atlantic Fisheries Commission (NEAFC), Nobel House, 17 Smith Square, London SW1P 3JR, United Kingdom (fax 44-71-238 5721, phone 44-71-238 5919).

(69) Convention for the Conservation of Salmon in the North Atlantic Ocean (Reykjavik, 2 March 1982)

- Objectives: To promote the conservation, restoration, enhancement and rational management of salmon stock in the North Atlantic Ocean through international co-operation, as well as the acquisition, analysis and dissemination of appropriate scientific information.
- In force 1 October 1983; regional. Membership restricted to the original signatories, other States exercising fisheries jurisdiction in the North Atlantic Ocean or States of origin for salmon stocks subject to this Convention upon approval of the Council; 9 Parties, no developing countries.
- Text in SMT 2:157, IEL 982:17, IPE III/A/22-01-82.
- Secretariat: North Atlantic Salmon Conservation Organization (NASCO), 11 Rutland Square, Edinburgh EH1 2AS, United Kingdom (fax 44-31-228 4384, phone 44-31-228 2551).

(70) Agreement on the Network of Aquaculture Centres in Asia and the Pacific (Bangkok, 8 January 1988)

- Objectives: To assist the Member States in their efforts to expand aquaculture development.

- In force 11 November 1990; regional. Membership restricted to States invited to participate in the 1988 Bangkok Conference, other States subject to prior approval by two-thirds of the members; 9 Parties, all developing countries.
- Text in SMT 2:408.
- Secretariat: Network of Aquaculture Centres in Asia (NACA), c/o UNDP, G.P.O. Box 618, Bangkok 10200, Thailand (fax 662-5611727, phone 662-5611728).

G. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

(71) ECOSOC Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods (Geneva, 26 April 1957) as revised

- Objectives: To present a basic scheme of provisions that will allow national and international regulations governing the various modes of transport to develop within it in a uniform fashion, thus contributing to worldwide harmonization in this field.
- Non-mandatory; global. Recommendations adopted and periodically revised by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, and published in accordance with ECOSOC Resolution 645/G/XXIII and subsequent resolutions.
- Related instruments: Recommendations on Tests and Criteria for the Classification of Dangerous Goods.
- Text in ST/SG/AC.10/1/Rev.7 (1991).
- Secretariat: UN/ECE (see No. 28 above).

(72) European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (Geneva, 30 September 1957) as amended

- Objectives: To increase the safety of international transport by road by regulating the carriage of specified dangerous goods, including wastes.
- In force 29 January 1968; regional. Membership restricted to ECE member States and States having consultative status with ECE; 20 Parties, including 1 developing country.
- Text in UNTS 619:77, 1297:406, IEL 957:72.
- Secretariat: UN/ECE (see No. 28 above).

(73) European Agreement on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Detergents in Washing and Cleaning Products (Strasbourg, 16 September 1968)

- Objectives: To protect the supply of water against pollution by detergents and cleaning products.
- In force 16 February 1971; regional. Membership restricted to member States of the Council of Europe; 10 Parties, no developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) 1983 Amendment Protocol.
- Text in UNTS 788:181, SMT 1:214, IEL 968:69; (a) IEL 968:69/A.
- Secretariat: Council of Europe (see No. 7 above).

(74) Convention for the Mutual Recognition of Inspections in Respect of the Manufacture of Pharmaceutical Products (Geneva, 8 October 1970)

- Objectives: To contribute towards the removal of obstacles in international trade while ensuring strict quality control of the manufacture of pharmaceutical products.
- In force 26 May 1971; global. 16 Parties, including 1 developing country.
- Text in UNTS 956:3.
- Secretariat: European Free Trade Association (EFTA), Rue de Varembe 9-11, 1211 Geneva 20 (fax 41-22-733 9291, phone 41-22-749 1111).

(75) Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons, and on their Destruction (London, Moscow, Washington, 10 April 1972)

- Objectives: To prohibit the development of biological weapons and eliminate them, as a step towards general disarmament for the sake of all mankind.
- In force 26 March 1975; global. Membership open; 106 Parties, including 74 developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 1015:163, SMT 1:269, ILM 11:309, IEL 972:28, IPE 15:7858.
- Secretariat: UN Department for Disarmament Affairs (see No. 4 above).

(76) OECD Recommendations on Mutual Acceptance of Data in the Assessment of Chemicals and Good Laboratory Practices (Paris, 1981-1989) and related instruments

- Objectives: To minimize the cost burden associated with testing chemicals and to utilize more effectively scarce test facilities and specialist manpower as well as the number of animals used in testing through concerted action amongst OECD member States in protecting man and his environment from exposure to hazardous chemicals.
- Non-mandatory; regional. Adopted by the Council of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development on 12 May 1981 and on 26 July 1983, respectively.
- Related instruments: (a) Decision C(87)90 (Final) of 26th June 1987 on the Systematic Investigation of Existing Chemicals; (b) Decision C(89)23 (Final) of 30th March 1989 supplementing the Decision of the Council concerning the Mutual Acceptance of Data in the Assessment of Chemicals; (c) Decision C(90)163 (Final) of 31st January 1991 on the Co-operative Investigation and Risk Reduction of Existing Chemicals.
- Texts in OECD C(81)30 Final and C(83)95 Final.
- Secretariat: OECD (see No. 3 above).

(77) FAO International Code of Conduct on the Distribution and Use of Pesticides (Rome, 28 November 1985) as amended

- Objectives: To provide a practical framework for the control of pesticides, especially in countries that do not have adequate pesticide registration and control schemes.

- Non-mandatory; global. Adopted by Resolution 10/85 of the 23rd FAO Conference, amended by Resolution 6/89 of the 25th FAO Conference.
- Secretariat: FAO (see No. 26 above).

(78) UNEP London Guidelines for the Exchange of Information on Chemicals in International Trade (Nairobi, 17 June 1987) as amended

- Objectives: To assist Governments in the process of increasing chemical safety in all countries through the exchange of information on chemicals in international trade.
- Non-mandatory; global. Amended text adopted by UNEP Governing Council Decision 15/30 of 25 May 1989.
- Text in UNEP/GC.15/9/Add.2/Supplement 3, appendix.
- Secretariat: UNEP/International Register of Potentially Toxic Chemicals (IRPTC), Palais des Nations, 1211 Geneva 10 (fax 41-22- 7332673, phone 41-22-7985850).

(79) Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal (Basel, 22 March 1989)

- Objectives: To set up obligation for State Parties with a view to:
(a) reducing transboundary movements of wastes subject to the Basel Convention to a minimum consistent with the environmentally sound and efficient management of such wastes; (b) minimizing the amount and toxicity of hazardous wastes generated and ensuring their environmentally sound management (including disposal and recovery operations) as close as possible to the source of generation; (c) assisting developing countries in environmentally sound management of the hazardous and other wastes they generate.
- Not yet in force; global. Membership open.
- Text in SMT 2:449, 28 ILM 657, IEL 989:22.
- Secretariat: UNEP/Interim Secretariat for the Basel Convention, 266 Route de Lausanne, 1292 Geneva-Chambésy (fax 41-22-7581189, phone 41-22-7582510).

(80) Convention on the Ban of the Import into Africa and the Control of Transboundary Movements and Management of Hazardous Wastes within Africa (Bamako, 30 January 1991)

- Objectives: To protect human health and the environment from the dangers posed by hazardous wastes by reducing their generation to a minimum in terms of quantity and/or hazard potential.
- Not yet in force; regional. Membership restricted to member States of the Organization of African Unity.
- Text in ILM 30:775.
- Secretariat: OAU (see No. 15 above).

H. NUCLEAR SAFETY

(81) UNGA Resolution 913 (X) Establishing the Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation (New York, 3 December 1955)

- Objectives: To distribute as wide as possible all available scientific data on the short-term and long-term effects upon man and his environment of ionizing radiation, including radiation levels and radio-active "fall-out".
- Non-mandatory; global. Membership restricted to 21 States by UNGA Resolution A/RES/41/623, including 9 developing countries.
- Text in A/RES/913 (X), IPE 13:6517.
- Secretariat: United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation (UNSCEAR), Vienna International Centre, P.O. Box 500, A-1400 Vienna, Austria (fax 43-1-232156, phone 43-1-211310).

(82) Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and Under Water (Moscow, 5 August 1963)

- Objectives: To obtain an agreement on general and complete disarmament under strict international control in accordance with the objectives of the United Nations; to put an end to the armaments race and eliminate incentives to the production and testing of all kinds of weapons, including nuclear weapons.
- In force 10 October 1963; global. Membership open; 117 Parties, including 85 developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 480:43, SMT 1:185, IEL 963:59, IPE 1:422.
- Depositary: Ministry for Foreign Affairs of the USSR, Smolenskaya-Somnaya Square 32/34, 121200 Moscow, USSR (fax 7-095-2442203, phone 7-095-2442469).

(83) Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America (Tlatelolco, 14 February 1967)

- Objectives: To strengthen peace and security in the region, to prevent the possibility of nuclear-weapons race in the region and to protect the parties against possible nuclear attacks on one hand and to contribute to the prevention of the proliferation of nuclear weapons and to general disarmament on the other hand.
- In force 29 January 1986; regional. Membership restricted to the Latin American Republics and other sovereign States situated in their entirety south of latitude 35 north in the western hemisphere; 23 Parties, all developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 634:281, 362, 364, ILM 6:521, IEL 967:13, IPE 15:7827.
- Depositary: Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ricardo Flores Magon 1, Colonia Noalco, 06995 Tlatelolco, Mexico D.F. (fax 525-7823582, phone 525-7823932).

(84) South Pacific Nuclear-Free Zone Treaty (Rarotonga, 8 August 1985)

- Objectives: To establish a nuclear free zone in the region and to keep the region free of environmental pollution by radioactive wastes.

- In force 11 December 1986; regional. Membership restricted to member States of the South Pacific Forum; 9 Parties, including 7 developing countries.
- Text in SMT 2:352, ILM 24:1440, IEL 985:58.
- Secretariat: South Pacific Forum (see No. 67 above).

(85) IAEA Convention on Early Notification of a Nuclear Accident (Vienna, 26 September 1986) and related convention on assistance

- Objectives: To provide relevant information about nuclear accidents as early as possible in order that transboundary radiological consequences can be minimized.
- In force 27 October 1986; global. Membership open; 82 Parties, including 47 developing countries.
- Related instruments (a) Convention on Assistance in the Case of a Nuclear Accident or Radiological Emergency (Vienna, 26 September 1986, in force 27 February 1987).
- Texts in SMT 2:363, ILM 25:1370, IEL 986:71, IAEA/LS 14; (a) SMT 2:367, ILM 25:1377, IEL 986:72.
- Secretariat: International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), Vienna International Centre, P.O. Box 100, A-1400 Vienna, Austria (fax 43-1-234564, phone 43-1-23600).

I. WORKING ENVIRONMENT

(86) ILO Convention Concerning the Protection of Workers Against Ionizing Radiations (Geneva, 22 June 1960)

- Objectives: To protect workers, as regards their health and safety, against ionizing radiations.
- In force 17 June 1962; global. Membership restricted to member States of the International Labour Organisation; 39 Parties, including 18 developing countries.
- Text in ILO Convention No. 115, UNTS 431:41, SMT 1:156, IEL 960:48, IPE 12:5966.
- Secretariat: International Labour Organization (ILO), 4 route des Morillons, 1211 Geneva (fax 41-22-7988685, phone 41-22-7996111).

(87) ILO Convention Concerning Protection Against Hazards of Poisoning from Benzene (Geneva, 23 June 1971)

- Objectives: To protect workers from hazards arising from the production, handling or use of benzene.
- In force 24 July 1973; global. Membership restricted to member States of the International Labour Organisation; 28 Parties, including 18 developing countries.
- Text in ILO Convention No. 136, UNTS 885:45, SMT 1:251, IEL 971:47, IPE 15:7503.
- Secretariat: ILO (see No. 86 above).

(88) ILO Convention Concerning Prevention and Control of Occupational Hazards Caused by Carcinogenic Substances and Agents (Geneva, 26 June 1974)

- Objectives: To protect workers from hazards arising from occupational exposure to carcinogenic substances and agents.
- In force 10 June 1976; global. Membership restricted to member States of the International Labour Organisation; 25 Parties, including 14 developing countries.
- Text in ILO Convention No. 139, IEL 974:48, IPE 17:8682.
- Secretariat: ILO (see No. 86 above).

(89) ILO Convention Concerning Protection of Workers Against Occupational Hazards in the Working Environment Due to Air Pollution, Noise and Vibration (Geneva, 20 June 1977)

- Objectives: To protect workers against occupational hazards in the working environment.
- In force 11 July 1979; global. Membership restricted to member States of the International Labour Organisation; 25 Parties, including 13 developing countries.
- Text in ILO Convention No. 148, SMT 1:482, IEL 977:46, IPE 28:335.
- Secretariat: ILO (see No. 86 above).

(90) ILO Convention Concerning Occupational Safety and Health and the Working Environment (Geneva, 22 June 1981)

- Objectives: To prevent accidents and injury to health by minimizing the causes of hazards inherent in the working environment.
- In force 11 August 1983; global. Membership restricted to member States of the International Labour Organisation; 15 Parties, including 7 developing countries.
- Text in ILO Convention No. 155, SMT 2:126.
- Secretariat: ILO (see No. 86 above).

(91) ILO Convention Concerning Safety in the Use of Asbestos (Geneva, 24 June 1986)

- Objectives: To prevent and control the exposure of workers to asbestos and to protect them against health hazards due to occupational exposure to asbestos.
- In force 16 June 1989; global. Membership restricted to member States of the International Labour Organisation; 10 Parties, including 7 developing countries.
- Text in ILO Convention No. 162, SMT 2:359.
- Secretariat: ILO (see No. 86 above).

(92) ILO Convention on Safety in the Use of Chemicals at Work (Geneva, 24 June 1990)

- Objectives: To classify chemicals according to their health hazards and set up safety provisions for their use at the workplace.
- Not yet in force; global. Membership restricted to member States of the International Labour Organisation.

- Text in ILO Convention No. 170.
- Secretariat: ILO (see No. 86 above).

J. LIABILITY FOR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE

(93) Convention on Third Party Liability in the Field of Nuclear Energy
(Paris, 29 July 1960) as amended and supplemented

- Objectives: To ensure adequate and equitable compensation for persons who suffer damage caused by nuclear incidents, whilst ensuring that the development of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes is not thereby hindered. To unify the basic rules in various countries relating to liability incurred for such damage.
- In force 1 April 1968; regional. Membership restricted to member States of OECD and associated states, others upon unanimous assent of the Contracting Parties; 14 Parties, no developing countries.
- Related instruments (a) Additional Protocol to the Convention on Third Party Liability in the Field of Nuclear Energy (Paris 1964); (b) Protocol to Amend the Convention on Third Party Liability in the Field of Nuclear Energy (Paris 1982); (c) Convention Supplementary to the Paris Convention on Third Party Liability in the Field of Nuclear Energy (Brussels, 31 January 1963); (d) Additional Protocol to the Convention of 31 January 1963 Supplementary to the Paris Convention (Paris 1964); (e) Protocol to Amend the Convention of 31 January 1963 Supplementary to the Paris Convention (Paris 1982); (f) Joint Protocol Relating to the Application of the Vienna Convention and the Paris Convention (Vienna 1988).
- Texts in UNTS 956:251, SMT 1:159, IEL 960:57, IPE 12:5972; (a) ILM 2:685, IPE 12:5990.
- Secretariat: OECD (see No. 3 above).

(94) Convention on Civil Liability for Nuclear Damage (Vienna, 21 May 1963)
and related protocols

- Objectives: To establish minimum standards to provide financial protection against damage resulting from peaceful uses of nuclear energy.
- In force 12 November 1977; global. Membership open; 14 Parties, including 12 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) Optional Protocol Concerning the Compulsory Settlement of Disputes (Vienna, 21 May 1963, not yet in force); (b) Joint Protocol Relating to the Application of the Vienna Convention and the Paris Convention (Vienna, 21 September 1988, not yet in force)
- Texts in UNTS 1063:265, SMT 1:179, ILM 2:727, IEL 963:40, IPE 12:6082; (a) IEL 963:41, (b) IEL 988:78.
- Secretariat: IAEA (see No. 85 above).

(95) Convention Relating to Civil Liability in the Field of Maritime Carriage of Nuclear Material (Brussels, 17 December 1971)

- Objectives: To ensure that the operator of a nuclear installation will be exclusively liable for damage caused by a nuclear incident occurring in the course of maritime carriage of nuclear material.

- In force 15 July 1975; global. Membership open; 13 Parties, including 4 developing countries.
- Text in UNTS 974:255, SMT 1:253, ILM 11:277, IEL 971:93, IPE 2:504.
- Secretariat: IMO (see No. 34 above).

(96) Convention on the Liability of Operators of Nuclear Ships (Brussels, 25 May 1962)

- Objectives: To determine uniform rules concerning liability of operators of nuclear ships.
- Not yet in force; global. Membership open.
- Text in IEL 962:40, IPE 1:405.
- Depositary: Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 162 Boulevard Emille Jacquemain, 1021 Brussels, Belgium (phone 32-2-5168111).

(97) International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage (Brussels, 29 November 1969) as amended

- Objectives: To ensure that adequate compensation is available to persons who suffer damage caused by pollution resulting from the escape or discharge of oil from ships. To standardize international rules and procedures for determining questions of liability and adequate compensation in such areas.
- In force 19 June 1975; global. Membership open; 71 Parties, including 47 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) 1976 Protocol; (b) 1984 Protocol.
- Texts in UNTS 973:3, SMT 1:235, ILM 9:45, IEL 969:88, IPE 1:470; (a) IEL 976:86, IPE 19:9443; (b) IEL 969:88/A.
- Secretariat: IMO (see No. 34 above).

(98) International Convention on the Establishment of an International Fund for Compensation for Oil Pollution Damage (Brussels, 18 December 1971) and related protocols

- Objectives: To supplement the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage, 1969; to ensure that adequate compensation is available to persons who suffer damage caused by pollution resulting from the escape or by discharge of oil from ships; and to ensure that the oil cargo interests bear a part of the economic consequences of such oil pollution damage, to the relief of the shipping industry.
- In force 16 October 1978; global. Membership open; 47 Parties, including 29 developing countries.
- Related instruments: (a) 1976 Protocol; (b) 1984 Protocol.
- Texts in UNTS 1110:57, SMT 1:255, ILM 11:284, IEL 971:94; (a) ILM 16:621, IEL 976:87, IPE 19:9447; (b) IEL 971:94/A, IPE II/A/25-05-84.b.
- Secretariat: IMO (see No. 34 above).

(99) Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage Resulting from Exploration for and Exploitation of Sea-Bed Mineral Resources (London, 1 May 1977)

- Objectives: To ensure that adequate compensation is available to victims of pollution damage from offshore activities, by means of the adoption of uniform rules and procedures for determining questions of liability and for providing such compensation.
- Not yet in force; regional. Membership restricted to the original signatories, others upon unanimous invitation.
- Text in SMT 1:474, ILM 16:1450, IEL 977:33.
- Depositary: Foreign and Commonwealth Office, King Charles Street, London SW1A 2AH, United Kingdom (fax 44-71-2702767, phone 44-71-2703000).

(100) Convention on Civil Liability for Damage Caused During Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road, Rail and Inland Navigation Vessels (Geneva, 10 October 1989)

- Objectives: To establish uniform rules ensuring adequate and speedy compensation for damage during inland carriage of dangerous goods.
- Not yet in force; global. Membership open.
- Text in ECE/TRANS/79.
- Secretariat: UN/ECE (see No. 28 above).

ABBREVIATIONS

UNTS	United Nations Treaty Series (United Nations: New York)
SMT	Selected Multilateral Treaties in the Field of the Environment, vol. 1, 1983 (United Nations Environment Programme: Nairobi), vol. 2, 1991 (Grotius Publications: Cambridge/England)
ELGP	Environmental Law Guidelines and Principles (United Nations Environment Programme: Nairobi)
ILM	International Legal Materials (American Society of International Law: Washington, DC)
IEL	International Environmental Law: Multilateral Treaties, V vols. loose-leaf 1974 - (Erich Schmidt Verlag: Berlin)
IPE	International Protection of the Environment, 30 vols. 1975-1983, III vols. loose-leaf 1990- (Oceana Publishers: Dobbs Ferry, NY)
IAEA/LS	International Atomic Energy Agency: Legal Series (IAEA: Vienna)
